

WILDLIFE WORKS



A NEWSLETTER FOR THE KASIGAU CORRIDOR COMMUNITIES

Quarter 3/ 2014

ZAWADISHA ECO-LOANS

Wildlife Works has recently partnered with the Zawadisha Fund to provide groups of women in the Kasigau Corridor with eco-loans. Zawadisha is a non-governmental microfinance organization whose mission is to provide women with access to capital and the life-saving tools they need to lift themselves out of poverty. Zawadisha aims to build a stronger world, one in which women are self-sufficient, successful and stand on their own two feet.



Zawadisha first became interested in working with Kasigau communities in 2013. Presently, they are working with both Neema and Tumaini women's groups who have already received eco-loans in the form of water tanks and solar lights respectively. "Traditionally we have provided loans to women for the setting up of small businesses. However, after our visit to the Kasigau Corridor in October 2013, it became clear that instead of business loans, what women needed and wanted was solar lamps and water tanks," says Jennifer Gurecki, Chief Innovation Officer at Zawadisha.

In March 2014, the 14 members of the Neema women's group each received a water tank, able to hold up to 1,000 liters. The cost for each water tank was Ksh 10,000 (US \$114), and with an interest of 18%, each member is paying back the amount to Zawadisha over a period of one year. With this facility, the women are able to capture rainwater during the wet season, store it and sell it on to community members during the dry season. The women are therefore not only able to use the water domestically, but also obtain an income from it.

Similarly, Zawadisha provided 35 solar lamps to each of the Tumaini women's group members. Each lamp cost Ksh 3,000 (US \$ 34), which is paid back over 6 months at 18% interest. The lamps are a great asset, as they not only serve as a source of light but can also be used to charge mobile phones. This is extremely useful to the many households that do not have electricity installed at home. As well as charging their own phones and saving on fees for charging them elsewhere, the Tumaini women's group will be generating an income by charging other people's phones in return for a small fee. All this via an eco-friendly practice – that of harnessing solar energy! The lamps will also mean the women no longer have to buy kerosene for use in lamps, thereby saving money, reducing the risk of house fires and dangerous smoke inhalation. These loans are very valuable to the women of Kasigau and help empower them through greater independence and financial stability.

Thank you, Zawadisha!

ZAWADISHA YAWAPA WANAWAKE WA KASIGAU MIKOPO

Shirika la Wildlife Works limeshirikiana na Zawadisha ili kuvipa vikundi vya wanawake katika Ukanda wa Kasigau mikopo inayojali maslahi ya mazingira. Zawadisha ni shirika lisilo la kiserikali ambalo azimio lake kuu ni kuwapa wanawake mitaji na zana zingine wanazo hitaji ili waweze kujinusuru kutoka kwa umaskini unao wagandamiza. Zawadisha inanuwia kujenga ulimwengu ulio dhabiti, ulimwengu ambao wanawake wanajitegemea, wananawiri na wanaweza kujisimamisha imara.

Zawadisha walishawishika kushirikiana na jamii za Kasigau mwaka uliopita. Kwa hivi sasa, wanafanya kazi na vikundi vya wanawake vya Neema na Tumaini, na tayari wametoa mikopo kwa mifumo ya tenki za maji na taa zinazotumia nishati ya jua. "Kwa kawaida, huwa tunatoa mikopo kwa wanawake wanaotaka kuanzisha biashara ndogo ndogo. Hata hivyo, baada ya matembezi yetu Kasigau, mnamo Oktoboa 2013, tuling'amua kwamba wanachohitaji wanawake wa Kasigau sio mikopo ya biashara tu, bali na taa za nishati ya jua na matenki," alisema Mkuu wa Ubunifu katika Zawadisha, Bi. Jennifer Gurecki.

Mwezi wa Machi mwaka huu, wanawake kumi na wanne ambao ni wanachama wa Neema walipokea tenki za maji zenye kiwango cha lita elfu moja. Gharama ya kila tenki ilikuwa elfu kumi na riba ya asilimia kumi na nane (18%). Kila mwanachama atatakiwa kulipa deni lake kwa muda wa mwaka mmoja. Kwa kutumia matenki haya wanawake hawa wataweza kuyateka maji katika misimu ya mvua na kuyauzia jamii wakati wa kiangazi. Hivyo basi, wataweza kuyatumia maji kupata mapato kidogo mbali na kuyatumia kwa matumizi ya nyumbani.

Vile Vile, Zawadisha iliweza kupatiana mataa thelatini na tano, 35, kwa wanachama wa Tumaini. Kila taa iligharimu shilingi elfu tatu, 3,000, na kila mwanachama atahitajika kulipa mkopo huo kwa riba ya asilimia kumi na nane kwa muda wa miezi sita. Taa hizi ni rasimali kubwa kwa wanawake wa Tumaini. Mbali na kuzitumia kumulikia nyumbani mwao, wataweza pia kuzitumia kutia nishati kwa simu za rununu. Hili ni jambo la umuhimu mkubwa kwani boma nyingi hazina umeme. Mbali na kuwa wanawake hawa hawatatumia pesa zao kutia nishati kwa simu zao, mradi huu pia utawawezesha kupata mapato kwa kuwatilia wenzao nishati kwa simu zao na kuwalipisha. Haya yote yana uzingatifu mkubwa kwa mazingira. Isitoshe, kwa kuwa wanawake hawa hawatatumia mafuta taa, watakuwa wameepukana na athara kama vile, mioto, na kupumua moshi hatari. Mikopo hii ni ya dhamana kubwa sana kwa wanawake wa Kasigau and itawasaidia kujisimamisha imara na kujitegemea. Asante sana Zawadisha.



LETTER FROM ERIC

Dear Readers,

I wish to express my personal and sincere gratitude to all of you who have helped make the Kasigau Phase I and II REDD+ Project a success for the past few years!

Despite the challenges we are facing inside the project area, especially regarding a recent escalation in poaching incidents, my ranger teams are working tirelessly with the Kenya Wildlife Service (KWS) to ensure the culprits involved are caught and remain in police custody, so that justice can be served. In the first five months of 2014 alone, we have lost 30 elephants to poaching. Whilst this is a shocking figure, let me assure you that we are using every measure, in conjunction with KWS teams operating in various ranches, to ensure that we have intensified security in terms of patrolling and monitoring.

I still admire our 'no arms' policy, since it serves to deter violent confrontation. I wish also to bring to your attention that elephant poaching is increasingly carried out using sophisticated weapons, as well as poisoned arrows. I kindly urge community members to share with us any information, however seemingly small, which they might have regarding the menace so that we can channel it into the relevant authorities, especially KWS.

I wish to honorably recognize all members of the community who have responded to our call to protect our wildlife and surrounding environment. As a result, we have witnessed a drastic reduction in charcoal burning, with the exception of a few ranches in the Project Area. Whilst some cases remain unreported, I would like to highlight that community feedback is happening more and more with assistance from the Wildlife Works community outreach team. I encourage all community members to help in the protection of the environment and wildlife, which is possible through our hotline: 0727 957 482.

Finally I would like to take this opportunity to salute all members of the community for their effort in helping us to achieve our goals. Conservation is for us all, it does not belong to only one party, and requires the involvement of everyone. Let us keep our heritage safe for the future; our beautiful environment is a valuable resource, which must be preserved.

Thank you all,

Wapendwa wasomaji,

Ningependa kutoa shukrani zangu za dhati kwa wale wote walionisaidia kuufanya mradi wa Kasigau corridor REDD Project awamu ya I na ya II kufanikiwa kwa miaka michache iliyopita!

Mbali na changamoto tunazopitia katika eneo la mradi, kama vile uongezekaji wa uwindaji haramu, walinda pori wanafanya kazi kwa bidii wakishirikiana na shirika la wanyama pori (KWS) ili kuhakikisha wale wanaohusika wanatiwa mbaroni na kupelekwa mahakamani ili haki itekelezwe.

Miezi mitano ya kwanza ya mwaka huu wa 2014, tumepoteza ndovu 30 kwa uwindaji haramu. Ijapokuwa idadi hii ni ya kutisha, nawahakikishia kuwa tunatumia kila mbinu pamoja na idara ya wanyama pori katika ranchi tofauti tofauti kuhakikisha kuwa usalama umeimarika kupitia ushikaji wa doria na ufuatiliizi.

Bado naipenda sera yetu ya 'kutotumia silaha' kwa kuwa inazuia ghasia. Pia ningependa kuwajulisheni kuwa uwaji wa ndovu unatekelezwa kwa silaha za hali ya juu sana kama vile mishale ya sumu. Nawaomba wanakijiji watupe habari zozote walizonazo hata kama ni kidogo kuhusiana na hili janga ili tuweze kufikisha kwa wale wanaohusika, hususan shirika la wanyama pori.

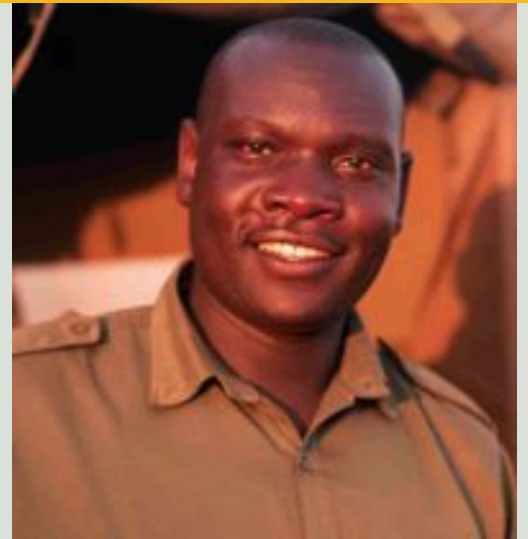
Ningependa kwa heshima kuwatambua wale wanakijiji ambao wameitikia mwito wetu wa kulinda wanyamapori pamoja na mazingira. Matokeo yake yamekua kupunguka kwa ukataji makaa isipokua kwa ranchi chache katika eneo la mradi. Ijapokuwa kesi zingine bado hazisemwi, ningependa kugusia kuwa habari kutoka kwa wananchi zaongezeka kufanyika kwa sababu ya usaidizi kutoka kwa kamati ya nye ya Wildlife Works. Nawahimiza wanakijiji wote mtusaidie kulinda mazingira na wanyama, jambo ambalo lawezekana kupitia namba yetu: 0727 957 482.

Mwisho ningependa kuchukua fursa hii kuwapongeza wanakijiji wote kwa juhudi zenu za kutusaidia kuweza kuafikia malengo yetu. Uhifadhi ni wetu sote, huwa si wa mtu binafsi na unahitaji ushirikiano wetu sote. Tuweke urithi wetu wa usoni salama: mazingira yetu yakupendeza ni rasilimali muhimu ambayo lazima yatunzwe.

Asanteni nyote,



ERIC SAGWE
Head of Security
Afisa Mkuu wa Usulama



WILDLIFE WORKS TAITA HILLS REDD+ PROJECT EXPANSION

In February 2014 Wildlife Works Carbon LLC was proud to announce the signing of a deal with the Althelia Climate Fund. The agreement secures a long-awaited commitment to support REDD+ in Kenya's Taita Hills ecosystem, adjacent to the established Kasigau Corridor REDD+ Project. The Althelia Climate Fund will provide significant financial assistance over the next few years to protect an additional 200,000 ha of the forest and savannah ecosystem. Conservation-orientated activities will be implemented, such as improved agriculture and agroforestry, sustainable charcoal production and better grassland management. It will also focus on developing sustainable income alternatives for the local communities.

Wildlife Works has begun to involve landowners in the area in preparation for this exciting expansion. It is still early days and yet to be decided which land parcels will be part of the extended REDD+ project. An update will be provided in the next newsletter.



UPANIZU WA MRADI WA REDD+ KATIKA MILIMA YA TAITA

Mnamo Februari 2014, kampuni ya Wildlife Works ilijivunia kutangaza kusainiwa kwa mikakati na Althelia Climate Fund. Makubaliano yanaafikia ahadi ya muda iliosubiriwa kuunga mkono REDD+ katika mazingira ya Milima ya Taita nchini Kenya, karibu na mradi wa Kasigau Corridor REDD+. Ufadhili wa Althelia utatoa msaada wa kifedha kwa kipindi cha miaka michache ijayo kulinda zaidi ya hekta 200,000 ya misitu na maeneo ya nyasi. Shughuli za uhifadhi zitatekelezwa, kama vile uboreshaji wa kilimo, uzalishaji endelevu wa mkaa na usimamizi bora wa maeneo ya nyasi. Mradi huu pia utalenga kutoa njia mbadala za mapato kwa wanajamii, kwa njia iliyo endelevu.

Wildlife Works imeanza kuhusisha wamiliki wa ardhi katika eneo hili kwa maandalizi kwa ajili ya upanuzi wa mradi huu. Japo tuko kwenye siku za kwanza, uamuzi utakapofanyika kuhusu ni vipande vipi vya ardhi vitakavyokuwa kwenye mradi huu, basi mtajulishwa kupitia jarida ijayo.

NEW LAB AT MOI DISTRICT HOSPITAL

Residents of Taita-Taveta County will now have access to diagnostic laboratory services in their proximity! Wildlife Works, in partnership with Lancet and the Government of Kenya, has upgraded and equipped the laboratory at Moi District Hospital, installing state-of-the-art laboratory equipment. This new facility will reduce the distance that residents of Taita-Taveta County need to travel to receive advanced medical tests. Previously, diagnostic laboratory services were only available in Nairobi or Mombasa.

Speaking during a tour of the facility, James Eggers, who is in charge of Special Projects at Wildlife Works, said that the decision to upgrade the laboratory was reached after a long-term observation of the lack of adequate healthcare facilities in the region. "The decision by Wildlife Works to improve the local healthcare delivery services came after many of us had taken notice over several years as to the difficulty or the outright unavailability of many basic healthcare services in the region," he said. A preliminary opening of the facility was celebrated on the 17th of February. The official opening ceremony is planned for August 2014.

MAABARA MAPYA KATIKA HOSPITALY YA MOI

Wakazi wa kaunti ya Taita-Taveta sasa watapata huduma ya uchunguzi wa maabara katika eneo karibu na wao! Wildlife Works, kwa kushirikiana na Lancet na Serikali ya Kenya, imeboresha maabara na kuweka vifaa vya hali ya juu katika Hospitali ya Wilaya ya Moi. Kituo hiki kipya kitapunguza haja ya kusafiri maeneo ya mbali kwa wakazi wa kaunti ya Taita-Taveta ili kupokea matibabu ya hali ya juu. Hapo awali, huduma za uchunguzi wa maabara zilikuwa zinapatikana Nairobi au Mombasa.

Akizungumza wakati wa ziara ya kituo, James Eggers, ambaye ni msimamizi wa Miradi Maalum katika Wildlife Works, alisema kuwa uamuzi wa kuboresha maabara uliafikiwa baada ya uchunguzi wa muda mrefu ulioashiria ukosefu wa huduma za afya za kutosha katika eneo hili la Taita. "Uamuzi wa Wildlife Works kuboresha utoaji wa huduma za afya maeneo haya, ulikuja baada ya wengi wetu kuona kuwa ndani ya miaka kadhaa iliyopita kumekuwa na ugumu au ukosefu wa huduma nyingi za kiafya katika eneo hili," alisema. Ufunguzi wa awali wa kituo hicho ulisherehekewa tarehe 17 Februari. Sherehe rasmi ya ufunguzi imepangwa kufanyika Agosti 2014.

NEW LCCs ELECTED, TRAINED AND READY TO TAKE ON THEIR NEW TERM

August 2013 marked the end of term for the former Locational Carbon Committees (LCCs). Having been in service for two years, a new set of representatives were elected in the five locations that have been part of our REDD+ project since the beginning (the sixth location only joined in early 2013 and therefore did not yet require a re-election). The elections were conducted in an open, fair and transparent manner over a series of 35 community barazas (meetings) and were overseen by the administrative chiefs, county representatives of the respective locations, as well as officials from Wildlife Works. Seven new members were elected for each LCC.

During the months of September and October 2013, Wildlife Works carried out a number of orientation workshops in each of the locations. The training provided the new LCC members with direct insight into the running of the LCC and ensured that they understand their responsibilities fully.

This year, a further three-day workshop was held in April. With a focus on the Social and Biodiversity Monitoring component of the REDD+ project, this workshop brought together all of the six LCCs. Under the guidance of Wildlife Works' Director for Biodiversity and Social Monitoring, Dr. Mwangi Githiru, the 2013 monitoring results were discussed amongst the attendants and the importance of monitoring in future years highlighted. This forum strengthened community engagement as well as provided a platform for sharing lessons learnt.

KAMATI MPYIA YA LCC YACHAGULIWA, KUFANSWA NA IKO TAYARI KUCHUKUA HATAMU MPYA

Agosti 2013 iliashiria mwisho wa muhula kwa kamati za LCC zilizopo kwenye lokesheni tano katika mradi wetu wa REDD+ wa Kasigau Corridor. Baada ya kuwa uongozini kwa muda wa miaka miwili, wawakilishi wapya walichaguliwa katika kata zote tano za eneo la mradi wa REDD+ tangu uanze (kata ya sita ilijungwa mwaka uliopita kwa hivyo haikuhitaji uchaguzi tena). Uchaguzi ulifanyika kwa njia ya uwazi na haki kwa mfululizo katika mikutano ya jamii 35 na ilisimamiwa na machifu, wawakilishi wa jimbo wa kata mbalimbali na pia wawakilishi wa wildlife works. Wanachama saba wa kila LCC walichaguliwa.

Mnamo mwezi wa Septemba na Oktoba 2013, Wildlife Works ilifanya warsha kadhaa za mwelekezo katika kila kata. Mafunzo hayo yaliwaelekeza wanachama wapya wa LCC jinsi ya kuendeleza LCC na pia kuhakikisha kuwa wanaelewa majukumu yao.

Pia, kwa mwaka huu, warsha nyingine ya siku tatu ilifanyika mwezi wa Aprili. Warsha hii iliwaleta pamoja wawakilishi wa kata zote sita za LCC. Dr. Mwangi Githiru, aliangazia matokeo ya ufuatiliaji wa mwaka wa 2013 uliangaziwa na wale waliohudhuria na pia umuhimu wake wa siku za usoni ukaangaziwa. Mbali na kuwaleta pamoja washika dau mbalimbali wa mradi wetu, warsha hii pia ilikuwa nafasi nzuri ya kubadilishana mawazo.



COMMUNITY

THE LITTLE THINGS WE DO

When we hear the phrase “community empowerment”, most of us automatically think of grand projects that cost hundreds of dollars to implement. At Wildlife Works, however, we understand it can be the little things that we do that count as much as the larger projects. Over the past few months, we have made deliberate efforts to empower as many households and community members in our project area as we possibly can.

Monica and Emily, our resident Women’s Outreach team, have been teaching young schoolgirls and women how to knit reusable, eco-friendly sanitary towels. Sadly, as in many other parts of the world, feminine hygiene is something of a taboo topic in this area, yet it does present some real problems to many girls and women. Through this initiative, we are helping to empower girls and women to overcome some of the day-to-day difficulties they are faced with. If you would like to learn how the eco-friendly towels are made, feel free to contact Monica at 0723958880.

Wildlife Works also maintains its support to Women’s Group ventures in the area. In addition to the usual sisal baskets that are sold with the support of Wildlife Works, in order to provide a more sustainable income to the women, Wildlife Works has begun to package its eco-soaps using miniature sisal baskets and elephant dung paper. This has helped raise the demand for such baskets and provides greater income security to the women. Overall, Wildlife Works’ community empowering work is ongoing and we hope to expand our influence in the future.

A group of women during the training



jukumu la kujitolea la kuwawezesha wakaaji wengi katika jamii za eneo la mradi kama tulivyoweza.

Monica na Emily, ambao ni baadhi ya maafisa wetu wanaoashirikiana kwa karibu sana na jamii, wamekua wakifunza wasichana wadogo wa shule pamoja na wanawake jinsi ya kushona vitambaa vya usafi vilivyo bora. La kusikitisha, kama vile sehemu nyinginezo ulimwenguni, usafi wa wanawake huwa ni jambo la mwiko ilhali laonyesha madhara mengi kwa wasichana na wanawake. Kupitia hii huduma, tunajaribu kuwawezesha wasichana na wanawake waweze kuzishinda shida za kila mara zinazowakumba. Iwapo ungetaka kujifunza jinsi ya kutengeneza vitambaa hivi vya usafi, jisikie huru kuwasiliana na monica kupitia 0723958880.

Wildlife Works pia inaimarisha kusaidia vikundi vya miradi vya wanawake katika eneo hili. Mbali na viondo vinavyosukwa na akina mama wa Kasigau na vinavyouzwa kwa usaidizi wa Wildlife Works, Wildlife Works imeanza kufunga sabuni zake kutumia vikapu vidogo vilivyotengenezwa kwa ukonge na mavi ya ndovu. Hili limesaidia kuongeza mahitaji ya vikapu hivi na pia mapato Zaidi kwa wanawake wanaovitegemeza vikapu hivi. Kwa ujumla, kazi ya kuwawezesha wanajamii kupitia Wildlife Works yaendelea na tunatumai kuongeza ushawishi wetu siku zijazo.

THE STITCHING ACADEMY - NEW SKILLS, NEW OPPORTUNITIES

What a glorious celebration it was! The ASOS-Foundation-sponsored new Stitching Academy opened its doors in Maungu in June 2014!

In early 2014 SOKO set up its own charitable trust and thanks to generous funds from the ASOS Foundation is proud to announce that the first project opened its doors in June: The Stitching Academy! With an ever increasing need for qualified seamstresses, the Stitching Academy is a sewing training facility that offers a 2 month training course to 10 people at a cost of Ksh 3,000 (US \$34.00).

The curriculum has been designed in-house and will provide students with the technical skills required for the garment manufacturing industry hence improving students’ chances of securing employment and/or setting up small enterprises of their own. SOKO put the word out amongst the local community earlier this year and held numerous interviews in May. 24 men and women attended this recruitment process, amongst which SOKO selected the first 10 students. SOKO held an official opening ceremony on the 19th June at the Stitching Academy’s site in Maungu, together with three official visitors from ASOS. Joanna Maiden, SOKO’s founder and Director, is extremely excited about this new project and sees this as having an empowering impact on the local communities.

It is planned to hold four courses per year, with the next course due to begin in September this year. So, if you are interested on acquiring a new skill, keep your eyes open for the next recruitment round!

CHUO CHA USHONAJI CHAZINDULIWA MAUNGU

Hatimaye, Chuo Cha Ushonaji kilichodhaminiwa na Shirika la ASOS kimefunguliwa rasmi kufuatia sherehe za kukata na shoka ziliyofanyika tarehe kumi na tisa, Juni, 2014.

Mwanzoni wa mwaka huu, SOKO walianzisha kitengo cha hisani huku wakishirikiana na shirika la ASOS. Kufuatia ushirikiano huu, SOKO wameweza kuzindua na kufungua mradi wao wa kwanza ambao ndio chuo cha ushonaji. Chuo hiki kitakuwa kikitoa mafunzo ya ushonaji kwa kutumia mashine za kisasa zinazoendeshwa kwa umeme kwa wanafunzi kumi kila muhula wa miezi miwili. Malipo ya kujiunga na chuo hiki ni shilingi elfu tatu pekee! Mtaala wa mafunzo umebuniwa na wakufunzi wetu na unatarajiwa kuwapa wanafunzi ujuzi wanaohitaji ili waweze kuajiriwa kwenye viwanda vya kushona nguo ama kuanzisha biashara zao binafsi.

Soko iliwachagua wanafunzi wa kwanza baada ya kutangaza mwanzoni wa mwaka kwa jamii kwamba kutakuwepo na nafasi kama hizo. Baada ya kuwahoji takriban wanafunzi ishirini nawa nne mwezi wa Mei, kumi bora walichaguliwa kujiunga na chuo. Sherehe rasmi ya uzinduzi iliyohudhuriwa na wakurugenzi watatu kutoka ASOS ilifanyika tarehe Kumi na Tisa Juni shuleni humo. Joanna Maiden, ambaye ndiye mwanzilishi na mkurugenzi mkuu wa SOKO ana maono makubwa kuhusiana na mradi huu mpya ambao utaimarisha jamii za hapa Maungu.

Kutakuwa namihula minne kwa kila mwaka na inatarajiwa kuwa muhula wa pili utang’oa nanga hapo Septemba mwaka huu. Hii ni nafasi kubwa kwa kila mtu ambaye angetaka kujifunza ushonaji

Team SOKO in front of the newly opened Stitching Academy in Maungu



ASOS FOUNDATION'S HUGE IMPACT

Wildlife Works is proud to be collaborating with the ASOS Foundation, the independent charitable trust of the online clothing company ASOS. ASOS was introduced to the Kasigau communities by SOKO Kenya, who are a clothing manufacturer based in the Wildlife Works Export Processing Zone (EPZ). SOKO has made clothes for ASOS for over 4 years.

The ASOS Foundation became interested in donating towards the Kasigau communities in 2013, and through Wildlife Works' facilitation this has resulted in four distinct donations.

Firstly, the ASOS Foundation donated Ksh 124,755 (US \$ 1,430) for the renovation of Bungule Youth Polytechnic (BYP) in April 2013. The money was designated primarily for the renovation of doors, roofs, windows, door locks, wall paintings, as well as workshop equipment. A later donation of Ksh 1,227,280 (US \$ 14,000) was then allocated for the building of office furniture and beds, construction of a water tank, installation of electricity and electrical wiring, and teachers' salaries. The BYP is extremely grateful for such a generous donations.

On a further occasion, ASOS provided Ksh 224,825 (US \$ 2,580) for the construction of 50 chairs and 50 lockers to the Bughuta Secondary School. The biggest donation, however, went towards the construction of the Kula Kila Rock Catchment in Kasigau location. For this project the ASOS Foundation donated Ksh 5,777,269 (US \$ 66,200) for the excavation of the site, construction of catchment walls and a 250,000 liter water tank! This project has been an incredible success and will result in a great improvement for the life of the communities. Water is a very scarce resource in this semi-arid environment, but through the new water catchment, communities are able to harvest the rainwater for use in dry spells. During this year's rains, the tank has already filled up twice, and we hope it will continue to do so.

MIRADI YA ASOS FOUNDATION MAENEO YA KASIGAU

Shirika la Wildlife Works lina furaha kushirikiana na ASOS foundation, ambalo liko chini ya kampuni ya kuuza nguo ya ASOS. ASOS foundation walitambulishwa kwa jamii za kasigau kupitia kwa kampuni ya soko Kenya inayopatikana ndani ya wildlife works. Soko Kenya ni kampuni ambayo imekua inashona nguo na kuuzia kampuni ya ASOS kwa zaidi ya miaka minnne.

ASOS foundation walipendezwa na jamii ya kasigau na wakaonelea ni vyema kuwapatia ufadhili wa miradi kadhaa mnamo mwaka wa elfu mbili na kumi na tatu. Na kupitia kwa uwezeshaji wa wildlife works, wamefanikiwa kutoa mchango kwa miradi mine mkuu.

Mwanzo, ASOS foundation walitoa mchango wa shilingi laki moja, elfu ishirini na nne, mia saba na hamsini na tano (USD 1430) kwa ajili ya bungule youth polytechnic mnamo mwezi wan ne, mwaka wa 2013. Pesa hizo zilikuwa kwa ajili ya kurekebisha milango, madirisha, ukuta, paa za madarasa na pia kununulia vifaa vya karakana. Mchango wao wa pili ulikuwa shilingi milioni moja, laki mbili na elfu ishirini na saba, mia mbili themanini (1,227,280) (USD 14000) kwa ajili ya thamani za ofisi na vitanda, ujenzi wa tenki la maji, ufungaji wa nyaya za stima pamoja na mishaara za walimu katika bungule youth polytechnic. BYP inawashukuru sana ASOS kwa mchango wao.

Baadaye ASOS walitoa mchango wao wa shilingi laki mbili na elfu ishirini na nne, mia nane na ishirini na tano (224,825) (USD 2580) kwa ajili ya kutengeneza madawati hamsini ya shule ya upili ya buguta. Mchango wao mkubwa ulikuwa kwa ujenzi wa kula kila rock catchment uliopo kasigau. Kwa mradi huu, ASOS Foundation walitoa shilingi milioni tano, laki saba na elfu sabini na saba, mia mbili na sitini na tisa (5,777,269) USD (66200) ambazo zilitumika kuchimbua ardhi, kujenga kuta na tenki la maji la kiasi cha lita laki mbili na hamsini! Mradi huu ulifaulu vyema na kusaidia jamii zinazoishi karibu, kwani maji hayapatikani kwa urahisi maeneo hayo makame. Lakini kupitia tenki hilo jamii itaweza kupata maji yaliyotegwa wakati wa mvua na kuyatumia wakati wa ukame. Kwa mwaka huu, mvua iliyonyesha imejaza tenki hilo mara mbili na ni matumaini yetu itaendelea hivyo hivyo. Ufunguzi rasmi ulifanyika tarehe 18.6.2014 wakati wakurugenzi wa ASOS walipokuja.



Visiting the KulaKila water catchment construction site.

NEW BURSARY DISBURSEMENT

Wildlife Works is proud to announce that since 2012, an impressive 2,353 students have received partial educational sponsorship, with most bursaries given out in 2013. In the last three years, the community funding has also been able to provide full sponsorship to 60 students. This indicates the significant beneficial impact that sales from carbon credits can have on a community. Most of these sponsored students are excelling in their studies and according to Joseph Mwakima, Community Relations Officer at Wildlife Works, the performance of the sponsored students in school examinations last term was significantly above average. Wildlife Works hopes to continue supporting education in the area in this capacity and encourages all students to continue to work hard!

Ever since the Wildlife Works Carbon Trust started in 2012, bursaries have been funded through the Locational Carbon Committees and Bursary Sub-Committees in each of our project locations. Since then, each location has been dedicating up to 50% of the community share towards partial or full sponsorships of primary, secondary and tertiary students. The locations decided that bursaries would be the fairest way to spend the money as school fees impact nearly every household.

NOTE: If you want to find out more about your location's and other locations' finances, please consult your chief office's noticeboard. Details of expenditure in all locations are displayed here!

UFADHILI WA KARO

Tunajivunia kwamba, kutoka tulipoanza mwaka wa elfu mbili kumi na mbili tumeweza kuwafadhili Zaidi ya wanafunzi elfu mbili, mia tatu na hamsini na tatu (2,353). Kati ya hawa wanafunzi, wengine wamepokea ufadhili kamili katika masomo yao huku wengine wakipokea ufadhili kwa muda. Katika miaka mitatu iliyopita, tumeweza kuwatunukia wanafunzi sitini ufadhili kamili wa karo na pesa za mahitaji. Ufadhili huu ni ishara dhahiri ya manufaa ambayo mauzo ya hewa kaa yanaweza kuleta kwa jamii.

Tangu Kuanzishwa kwa WW Trust hapo mwaka wa elfu mbili kumi na mbili (2012), ufadhili wa karo za wanafunzi umekuwa ukitekelezwa na Kamati za LCC katika kila kata wakishirikiana na kamati ya ufadhili wa karo. Kila kata imekuwa ikitenga asilimia hamsini ya fedha za jamii kwa maswala ya elimu haswa kufadhili wanafunzi katika shule za msingi, za upili na wanafunzi wanaofuatilizia elimu ya juu. Lokesheni zote zilikubaliana kwamba kufadhili masomo ndiyo mojawapo ya njia mwafaka Zaidi za kutumia fedha wanazopata kutoka kwa mauzo ya kaboni kwani maswala ya masomo huathiri karibu kila boma.

Kwa maelezo zaidi kuhusu fedha za lokesheni yako na zinginezo, soma matangazo katika notice board zilizopo katika ofisi za chifu



ELEPHANT POACHING STILL HIGH

Elephant and rhino poaching has recently been declared a “national disaster” in Kenya by former head of Kenyan Wildlife Service (KWS) Richard Leakey. The magnitude of poaching has reached terrifying levels and poachers are operating with outrageous impunity, backed up by an extraordinary network of organized crime.

Unfortunately the Kasigau Corridor has not been immune from this increase in elephant poaching. Whilst the year started relatively calmly, March and April saw a significant rise in poaching incidents, totaling 30 elephants by mid May. The worst incident to date saw six elephants shot dead on Dawida Ranch, four of which were youngsters not bearing tusks. A further three elephants were lost on Amaka Ranch in March. This indicates the indiscriminate nature of killing that the poachers engage in, as well as the ruthlessness of the individuals involved.

To combat this, Wildlife Works has been working closely with KWS and other official organizations to tighten security in the area. We have increased patrols and security measurements significantly. In particular, we have drastically increased aerial surveillance throughout the project area thanks to the support of an additional aircraft pilot. Weather permitting, Keith Hellyer, a Canadian conservationist, has been lending his time and the use of a gyrocopter to patrol the 200,000 ha large project area and beyond at least twice a day. This helps the security team to locate illegal activities, carcasses or charcoal camps early on and respond accordingly.

Furthermore, Wildlife Works has also employed six additional wildlife rangers from the surrounding communities in order to increase manpower. The new recruits have already been orientated with Wildlife Works' security operations and they have all been posted to the various ranger camps where they are taking up their patrol and surveillance responsibilities. Wildlife Works continues to be committed to the protection of wildlife and will do everything in its power to prevent the further slaughter of these majestic animals.



Elephants as we like to see them



Simon Kipsang preparing for a flight

UWINDAJI HARAMU WA NDOVU BADO UPO JUU

Aliyekuwa Mkuu wa Huduma Za Wanyama Pori (KWS), Bwana Richard Leakey, ametaja uwindaji haramu wa ndovu na vifaru kama janga la kitaifa. Ujangili huu umeongezeka kwa kiwango kikubwa Zaidi na kufikia kiwango cha kuogofya. Wawindaji wanautekeleza uhalifu bila kujali sheria. La kuogofya Zaidi ni kwamba uhalifu huu unafadhiliwa na makundi ya majangili yaliyojipanga (organized gangs).

Kwa bahati mbaya, Ukanda wa Kasigau haujaepuka pigo hili la uwindaji haramu; haswa uwindaji wa ndovu. Ingawa mwaka ulianza kwa utaratibu na upole, miezi ya Machi na Aprili ilizidiwa kwa idadi ya ndovu waliouliwa. Kufikia katikati ya mwezi wa Mei, ndovu thelathini walikuwa wameuliwa. Tukio lililokuwa la kutia hofu Zaidi lilitekelezwa ranchi ya Dawida ambapo ndovu sita waliuliwa ikiwemo watoto wanne ambao hata hawakuwa na pembe! Hali kadhalika ndovu watatu waliuliwa ndani ya ranchi ya Amaka katika mwezi wa Machi. Mbali na kuwa dhahiri kuwa wawindaji haramu wanawaua ndovu kiholela, matukio haya pia yanadhirisha jinsi majangili hawa walivyojawa na ukatili.

Ili kupigana na uwindaji haramu, shirika la Wildlife Works wanashirikiana na KWS na mashirika mengine ili kuimarisha usalama. Tumeongeza idadi ya askari-pori wanaoshika doria kichakani nakufanya mipango mingine kabambe ambayo inanuiwa kukomesha visa vya uhalifu dhidi ya wanyama. Kupitia kwa rubani aliyejitolea kufanya doria za angani, kila wakati hali ya anga inapomruhusu, Keith Hellyer, mwanaharakati wa mazingira kutoka nchini Kanada, hupaa kwa ndege yake na kulizunguka eneo lote la mradi wetu angalau linalojumuisha zaidi ya hekta laki mbili mara mbili kwa siku. Hii inatuwezesha kung'amua na kushughulikia matukio yanayotuhumiwa kuwa ya ujangili mapema Zaidi.

Mbali na hayo, shirika la Wildlife Works limeajiri askari-pori sita zaidi kutoka kwa jamii inayotuzunguka. Askari wote sita walifanyiwa mafunzo kiasi baadaye wakaingia porini wakiwa na ari ya kupiga doria na kuimarisha usalama. Tumejitolea kuwalinda na kuhifadhi wanyama pori na tutafanya kila jambo tuwezalo ili kuhakikisha kuwa ndovu na wanyama wengine hawaliwi ovyo ovyo.

RANGER EMPLOYMENT - A NOTE FROM OUR HEAD OF SECURITY

Eric Sagwe: "I am happy to report that we have increased our ranger force and now number approximately 120 wildlife rangers, all of whom are patrolling the project area on a daily basis. Around twelve of these are operating on the hills and land corridors. Three quarters of my ranger team are members of the community who were selected during the 2010/2011 recruitment exercise. I understand that not everyone who was present at this selection was recruited, and I would like to inform community members that there will be further opportunities for employment following the expansion of the carbon project. Being part of the ranger team is a highly sought after position however, and realistically we are not able to offer positions to all young applicants. Our recruitment process offers a fair way to select individuals who are suitable for this physically and psychologically demanding work."

NENO KUTOKA KWA ERIC JUU YA MTINDO MPYA WA AJIRA KWA ASKARI PORI

Eric Sagwe: "Nina furaha kutoa taarifa kwamba tumeongeza nguvu zetu za ulindaji na sasa tuko na askari takriban mia moja ishirini wa kulinda pori na wanyama pori, ambao wote wanashika doria eneo la mradi kwa kila siku. Karibu askaripori kumi na wawili wanashika doria kwenye milima na kanda ya ardhi.



Robo tatu ya timu ya askari wote, walijajiriwa kutoka kwa jamii ya Kasigau ambao walichaguliwa mnamo mwaka wa 2010/2011 katika zoezi la kuajiriwa. Ninaelewa kwamba, si kila mtu ambaye alikuwepo katika uteuzi huu aliweza kuajiriwa, na napenda kuwajulisha wanajamii kwamba kutakuwa na fursa zaidi za ajira kufuatia upanuzi wa mradi wa REDD+ Project. Kuwa mojawapo wa timu ya askaripori ni nafasi inayotafutwa na wengi, hata hivyo sisi hatuna uwezo wa kutoa nafasi kwa waombaji wa kazi wote. Utaratibu wetu wa kuajiri unatoa njia ya haki kuchagua watu ambao wanastahili na wanaofaa kulingana na vigezo vya kazi hio."

AFRICAN WILD DOGS AND MORE HIGH CONSERVATION VALUE SPECIES

Wildlife Works remains committed to protecting the many different species, which are found in the Kasigau Corridor. In order to do so successfully, our Biodiversity Monitoring Team continuously monitors the behavior, distribution, abundance, gender balance and incidences of animals in the area. In addition, the team also monitors the relationship these animals have with the community that surrounds the wildlife sanctuaries.

During the past few months, the department has had a number of incredibly exciting sightings. One of the most thrilling was that of a family of African Wild dogs (*Lycaon pictus*). Although there had been previous reports of sightings of these rare animals back in 2012, it was the first time that Wildlife Works was able to obtain camera proof. In July 2013, images from camera traps set by the biodiversity team showed 2 adults and 8 pups going in and out of a den. So far this year, there have been two further sightings of Wild dogs in the sanctuary. This highlights the richness of biodiversity in the Kasigau Corridor, and moreover demonstrates its importance in helping serve as a refuge against the threat of habitat fragmentation and poaching. African Wild Dogs are classified as endangered (EN) by the International Union for the Conservation of Nature (IUCN) and currently it is estimated that there are approximately 6,000 individuals left in the wild.

WANYAMA MAALUM WAONEKENA KASIGAU

Shirika la Wildlife Works limejitolea kuwalinda na kuhifadhi jamii mbalimbali za wanyama wanaopatikana katika Ukanda wa Kasigau. Ili kuhakikisha kwamba viumbe hai hawa wamelindwa vilivyo, timu yetu ya biyuanuwai (biodiversity) hufuatilizia na kuchunguza tabia na mienendo ya wanyama hawa kama vile wanavyosambaratika, idadi yao na matukio mengineo. Hali kadhalika, timu hii huchuguza uhusiano wa wanyama hawa na jamii zinazopakana na pori.

Katika miezi michache iliyopita, timu ya biyuanuwai imeweza kuwaona wanyama wa kusisimua katika ukanda huu. Mojawapo ya jamii za wanyama ambazo zilionekana ni mbwa mwitu wa kiafrika. Ingawa kulikuwa na ripoti kwamba wanyama hawa walikuwa wakionekana tangu hapo mwaka wa elfu mbili kumi na mbili, hii ndiyo mara ya kwanza tumeweza kuwanasa kwa picha za kamera!

Julai, 2013, picha kutoka kwa kamera zilizotegwa na timu ya biyuanuwai

ziliwanasa mbwa mwitu wakubwa wawili na watoto wanane wakiingia na kutoka katika pango lao. Baada ya tukio hili, tumeweza kuwaona mbwa mwitu mara mbili tena, ndani ya mwaka huu. Matukio haya ni ishara dhahiri ya utajiri wa viumbe hai tuliobarikiwa nao katika Ukanda wa Kasigau na pia umuhimu wa ukanda huu kama kimbili la wanyama kutokana na makazi ya watu, na wawindaji haramu. Shirika la kimataifa la uhifadhi lijulikanalo kama International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) limewatambua mbwa mwitu kama kati ya wanyama wanaokumbwa na hatari kubwa Zaidi ya kuffia duniani. Kwa sasa inakisiwa kuwa idadi ya mbwa mwitu wa Kiafrika duniani ni takriban elfu sita pekee yake!



One of the African Wild Dogs captured on a camera trap

THE CHYULU HILLS REDD+ PROJECT

After months of intense work involving hundreds of carbon measurements, multiple community meetings and countless carbon calculations, the Chyulu Hills REDD+ Project is coming close to validation. Representing the collaborative effort of eight partners, the Chyulu Hills REDD+ Project is the first multi-stakeholder project of its kind in Kenya. The partners involved are: the Big Life Foundation, the Maasai Wilderness Conservation Trust, Kenya Wildlife Service, Kenya Forest Service, the David Sheldrick Wildlife Trust, the African Wildlife Foundation, Conservation International and Wildlife Works.

In September 2013, Wildlife Works was hired as a consultant to write the Project Design Document (PDD) for the Chyulus, which was completed and uploaded for public comments on the CCB website in June 2014 (www.climate-standards.org)!

As part of our work, Wildlife Works has trained 14 local recruits to make up two new plot sample teams. Together with existing Wildlife Works' teams, these individuals have done a tremendous job in sampling close to 450 forest and grassland plots in the Chyulu Hills area.

There have also been numerous community outreach meetings to ensure that communities living in and around the proposed project area are aware of the project plans and moreover support it!

The proposed project area is 410,533.84 hectares large. This is twice the area of the current Kasigau Corridor REDD+ Project, and would make it the largest REDD+ project in the world. The Chyulu Hills mountain range themselves are an important water catchment for the whole coastal region, and it is therefore highly important to protect the trees to ensure that we still have sufficient water in the future.



MRADI WA REDD+ MAENEO YA MILIMA YA CHYULU

Baada ya miezi kadhaa ya kazi ngumu iliyohusisha upimaji wa hewa kaa na mahesabu yake kukamilishwa pamoja na mikutano mingi ya jamii, mradi wa REDD+ katika milima ya Chyulu upo karibu kuthibitishwa. Mradi huu ni wa kwanza wa aina yake kwani unawakilisha juhudi za washika dau nane ambao ni:

Big Life Foundation, the Maasai Wilderness Conservation Trust, Kenya Wildlife Trust, Kenya Forest Service, the David Sheldrick Wildlife Trust, the African Wildlife Foundation, Conservation International na Wildlife Works.

Mnamo mwaka wa 2013, mwezi wa Septemba, shirika la Wildlife Works liliteuliwa kuwa mshauri wa kuandika mradi kubuni hati (PDD) ya Chyulu, ambayo ilimalizwa. Ilichapishwa katika tovuti ya CCB, mwezi wa Juni, 2014 tayari kwa maoni ya umma. Tovuti hiyo ni www.climate-standards.org !

Shirika la Wildlife Works limetoa mafunzo kwa wenyeji 14 kwa ajili ya kutengeneza timu mbili mpya ambazo ziliungana na wafanyakazi wa Wildlife Works. Kwa pamoja, wamefanya kazi nzuri ya kupima takriban ploti 450 za misitu na maeneo ya nyasi ya milima Chyulu.

Kumekuwepo na mikutano mingi ya kuwafikia wanajamii wanaoishi maeneo ya Chyulu ili kuhakikisha wako na ufahamu kuhusu mradi wa REDD, na zaidi ili kuunga mkono.

Eneo lililopendekezwa ni la ukubwa wa hekta 410,533.84. Hii ni mara mbili ya eneo la sasa la mradi wa Kasigau Corridor REDD, na mradi huu wa Chyulu utakuwa mkubwa duniani. Milima ya Chyulu ni ya umuhimu kwani ndio vyanzo vya maji yanayosambazwa maeneo yote ya Pwani, kwa hio kuna muhimu mkubwa wa kutunza misitu hio, ili kuhakikisha kutakuwa na maji ya kutosha miaka ya baadaye.



NEW PROJECTS

GREENHOUSE

Our greenhouse team has been extremely busy this year and has made fantastic progress in their department. Under the leadership of George Thumbi, who joined Wildlife Works as the Agribusiness and Forestry Manager in February this year, a number of exciting new projects have been introduced and existing ones improved. The overall objectives of the greenhouse facilities are to provide

Experimental drip irrigation



alternative livelihood options to the community and improve food security in an environmentally friendly way. The Greenhouse department now operates six different projects, with another one in the pipeline, each of which focuses on a different aspect of sustainable agriculture.

Major progress has been made in the Jojoba project! Jojoba was initially introduced for its characteristics of being a highly drought resistant, perennial crop. It is also not predated on by any animals, and therefore reduces human-wildlife conflict.

Moreover, it is a desirable cash crop, as it produces high value oil that is used to manufacture beauty products. As an expansion in this department, the greenhouse purchased a new oil seed press and is now planning to develop a new sub-department of oil production. This is an exciting development, as jojoba oil has a high market value and thus presents a potentially new source of income to the communities. In addition, it is possible to press many other types of seeds, such as moringa, sunflower, baobab etc. as well as fruits, such as avocado.

Additional progress has been made in the organic Amiran greenhouses. The available space is utilized more effectively and new techniques are being tested, such as drip irrigation, to improve vegetable production as well as to increase productivity per land unit.

The fruit tree nursery further adds to improving food security. The greenhouse team offers high quality grafted fruit tree seedlings to farmers for planting on their farms. Fruit trees require much less water than most common crops, whilst also being much more productive! Mango, passion and orange trees are just a few examples of the seedlings that are available for purchase at the seedling selling point for Ksh 150 per unit.

The greenhouse team gets particularly busy before the onset of rains, due to Wildlife Works' extensive reforestation program. In partnership with the surrounding communities, indigenous tree seedlings are bought from local farmers, raised in the greenhouse under supervision of our horticulturists and then distributed back to the communities free of charge just before the rainy season starts. The aim of this program is to reforest the surrounding area, whilst also providing a future source of firewood and building material to the communities.

Finally, a new rabbit unit has been introduced. The aim of this is to harvest rabbit urine for use in the organic farming, for it is rich in minerals, especially nitrogen. A worm farm for "worm juice" (vermin-liquid) has also been started, and a chicken project is planned in the future. Overall, the improvements in the Greenhouse department have been great and we look forward to seeing these projects grow and prosper even more!

GREENHOUSE

Idara yetu ya greenhouse imekuwa na shughuli nyingi sana mwaka huu na imefanya maendeleo sana. Ikiwa ni chini ya usimamizi wa George Thumbi ambaye alijiunga na shirika la wildlife works mnamo mwezi wa Februari 2014 kama meneja wa biashara ya kilimo na misitu. Miradi mipya imeanzishwa na zilizopo kuboreshwa. Malengo makuu ya Greenhouse ni kutoa njia mbadala za kupata mapato kwa maisha ya kila siku na kuboresha usalama wa chakula kwa njia safi ya mazingira. Idara ya greenhouse sasa inafanya kazi katika miradi sita tofauti, na mmoja ukiwa unakisiwa kuanza karibuni. Kila mradi unalenga vipengele tofauti vya kilimo endelevu.

Maendeleo yameonekana katika mradi wa jojoba. Mradi wa jojoba ulianzishwa awali kwa ajili ya sifa zake za kustahimili ukame na ni mti unaodumu. Mti wa jojoba pia hauliwi na mnyama yeyote yule kwa hivyo hupunguza mgogoro kati ya binadamu na wanyama pori. Zaidi ya hayo, ni mmea ambao mazao yake yanahitajika kutengeneza mafuta ya thamani ya juu. Mafuta haya hutumika kwa utengenezaji wa bidhaa za urembo. Kama upanuzi katika idara hii, wamenunua mashine mpya ya kusaga mbegu za mmea wa jojoba ili kupata mafuta. Idara ya greenhouse inanua kufungua kiwanda kidogo cha uzalishaji wa mafuta. Maendeleo haya ni ya kusisimua, kwani mafuta ya jojoba ni ya thamani ya juu katika soko, kwa hiyo inatoa uwezekano wa njia mpya za mapato kwa wanajamii. Aidha kutumia mashine hiyo pia inaweza kusaga mbegu za aina tofauti kama vile; moringa, sunflower, baoba na kadhalika, na pia matunda kama ovacado.

Maendeleo ya ziada yamefanyika katika greenhouse za Amiran. Nafasi zinazopakana hutumika kwa ufanisi na mbinu mpya zinajaribiwa kama vile umwagiliaji maji, ili kuboresha uzalishaji wa mboga na pia kuongeza uzalishaji kwa kila kipande cha ardhi.

Kitalu cha miti ya matunda (fruit tree nursery) husaidia pia kuboresha usalama wa chakula. Timu ya greenhouse hutoa miche ya matunda tawi ya hali ya juu kwa wakulima ili wapande kwenye mashamba yao. Miti ya matunda tawi huhitaji maji kidogo na pia hutoa mazao bora zaidi. Miembe passion na michungwa ni mfano wa miche ambayo inapatikana katika greenhouse yetu ambayo inauzwa kwa shilingi mia moja na hamsini kwa kila mche.

Kitengo cha greenhouse huwa na shughuli mingi haswa mwanzoni mwa msimu wa mvua, kutokana na mpango wa kina wa upandaji miti wa shirika la wildlife works. Kwa ushirikiano pamoja na jamii zilizopo jirani, miche ya miti asili hununuliwa kutoka kwa wakulima kisha hukuzwa ndani ya greenhouse chini ya usimamizi wa mtaalamu wa maswala ya miche halafu

baadaye hurudishwa na kupeanwa kwa wanajamii bure kabla tu msimu wa mvua kuanza. Lengo kuu la mpango huu ni kuona miti imepandwa kwa maeneo jirani pia kutoa chanzo cha kupata kuni na vifaa vya ujenzi kwa jamii.

Hatimaye kitengo kipya cha ufugaji wa sungura kilianzishwa. Lengo kuu la kitengo hiki ni kuvuna mikojo ya sungura ili kutumika kwa kilimo hai, kwa ajili ya utajiri wake wa madini, hasa nitrogen. Shamba limeanzishwa la kulea wadudu wanaoishi mchangani kwa ajili ya virutubisho vinavyotoa, na hivi karibuni mradi wa kufuga kuku utanzishwa. Kwa ujumla, tumekuwa na uboreshaji katika idara ya greenhouse na tunatumai hii itaendelea kuimarika na kufanikiwa zaidi.



George Thumbi showing the new rabbit unit

We would like to thank the following people:

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